

## Pre-Reading Assignment

In the following passage:

- Label all Subjects (S), Verbs (V) and Objects (O.) above the Latin word
- Put parentheses around prepositional phrases
- Draw an arrow from each Adjectival Modifier (Adjective or Genitive Noun) to the word it modifies.

Remember to try guessing the words in bold before you look for their meanings in the vocabulary below.

### READING 19 (*adapted*)

*Livy tells the story of how the Romans and Albans decided to settle their war through a battle fought by two sets of triplets, the Horatii and the Curiatii.*

Forte in duōbus tum exercitibus erant trigeminī frātrēs nec aetāte  
nec viribus disparēs, Horātiī et Curiātiī. hī frātrēs cōstituērunt prō  
suā quisque patriā pugnāre ferrō. ante proelium foedus icēbātur inter  
Rōmānōs et **Albānōs** hīs lēgibus: imperium erit **victōribus**. tum  
trigeminī arma capiunt. cōsēderant suīs prō castrīs duo exercitūs et  
**spectāculum** spectāre incēpērunt.

*(continued)*

#### VOCABULARY:

trigeminus, -a, -um	triplet	īcō, -ere, īcī, ictus	to make (a treaty)
virēs (pl.)	strength	Albānus, -a, um	Alban
dispār, disparis	unlike, unequal	victor, -ōris <i>m.</i>	victor
quisque (nom.)	each	cōnsīdō, -ere,	to sit down
foedus, -eris <i>n.</i>	treaty	cōnsēdī	
		spectāculum, -ī <i>n.</i>	spectacle