

Pre-Reading Assignment

In the following passage:

- Label all Subjects (S), Verbs (V) and Direct Objects (D.O.) above the Latin word
- Put parentheses around prepositional phrases
- Draw an arrow from each Adjectival Modifier (Adjective or Genitive Noun) to the word it modifies.

Remember to try guessing the words in bold before you look for their meanings in the vocabulary below.

READING 4 (*loosely modeled*)

The poet Ovid (43 B.C.-17 A.D.) tells a story about the only man and woman to survive a great flood sent by Jupiter. In this passage, the couple asks the goddess Themis what they should do to repopulate the earth and they get a surprising answer.

Deucaliōn et Pyrrha in terrā virōrum fēminārumque exempla manēbant.

īram deōrum timēbant sed ad templum deae ambulābant. in locō

iacēbant gelidōque ōscula saxō dabant et ōrābant: Ō dea, nōs iuvā et tuō

imperio pārebimus! dea **ōrāculum** dabat: movēte vōs ā templō et ossa

post tergum magnae iactāte parentis! diū tacēbant et imperiis deae pāre

dubitābant. tum pārebant et saxa iactāre parābant et iactābant multa. in

locō **formae** saxōrum subitō formae virōrum fēminārumque sunt!

Vocabulary:

īra, īrae, <i>f.</i>	anger	ossa (acc. pl.)	bones
dea, -ae, <i>f.</i>	goddess	post (+ acc.)	behind
gelidus, -a, -um	cold	tergum, -ī, <i>n.</i>	back
ōsculum, -ī, <i>n.</i>	kiss	parentis (gen.)	parent
nōs (acc. pl.)	“us”	forma, -ae, <i>f.</i>	shape
ōrāculum, -ī, <i>n.</i>	oracle	subitō (adv.)	suddenly
vōs (acc. pl.)	“yourselves”		