

Pre-Reading Assignment

In the following passage:

- Label all Subjects (S), Verbs (V) and Direct Objects (D.O.) above the Latin word
- Put parentheses around prepositional phrases
- Draw an arrow from each Adjectival Modifier (Adjective or Genitive Noun) to the word it modifies.

Remember to try guessing the words in bold before you look for their meanings in the vocabulary below.

Narrative Reading I

This passage describes how the Trojan War came to an end after 10 years of fighting between the Greeks and Trojans.

Graeci et **Trōiānī** bellum **longum** pugnant. tandem aliī **Graecōrum**

ad insulam Tenedum nāvigant et aliī in ligneō equō latent. ignārī doli

Trōiānī in **Trōiam** equum portant. laetī sunt et multa convīvia multō

cum **vīnō** parant. tum somnus **Trōiānōs** habet. **Graeci** ab insulā ad

Trōiam navigant; amīcī ex equō festīnant et portās **Trōiae** reserant.

ūnus **Trōiānus** ex somnō aliōs excitat et virī ad arma festīnant. sed

Graeci **Trōiānōs** dolō armisque superant.

Vocabulary:

Graecus, -a, -um	Greek	dolus, -ī, <i>m.</i>	trick, deceit
Trōiānus, -a, -um	Trojan	Trōia, -ae, <i>f.</i>	Troy
longus, -a, -um	long	laetus, -a, <i>um</i>	happy
aliī ... aliī	some ... others	convīvium, -ī, <i>n.</i>	feast
alius, -a, -um	other	vīnum, -ī, <i>n.</i>	wine
īnsula, -ae, <i>f.</i>	island (Tenedos)	parō, parāre	to prepare
ligneus, -a, -um	wooden, of wood	somnus, -ī, <i>m.</i>	sleep
equus, -ī, <i>m.</i>	horse	porta, portae, <i>f.</i>	gate
lateō, -ēre	to lie hidden	reserō, -āre	to open, unlock
ignārus, -a, -um	unaware, not knowing	ūnus, -a, -um	one
		excitō, -āre	wake up, rouse